Support available for achieving WMO Strategic Objective 1.2

Broaden the provision of policy- and decisionsupporting climate information and services



WMO OMM

World Meteorological Organization Organisation météorologique mondiale Maxx Dilley, Director Climate Prediction and Adaptation Branch Climate and Water Department

Outline

- National Meteorological and Hydrological Services baseline climate services capacity
- Global operational system for climate services: The Climate Services Information System
- Global Framework for Climate Services
- Climate services for policy

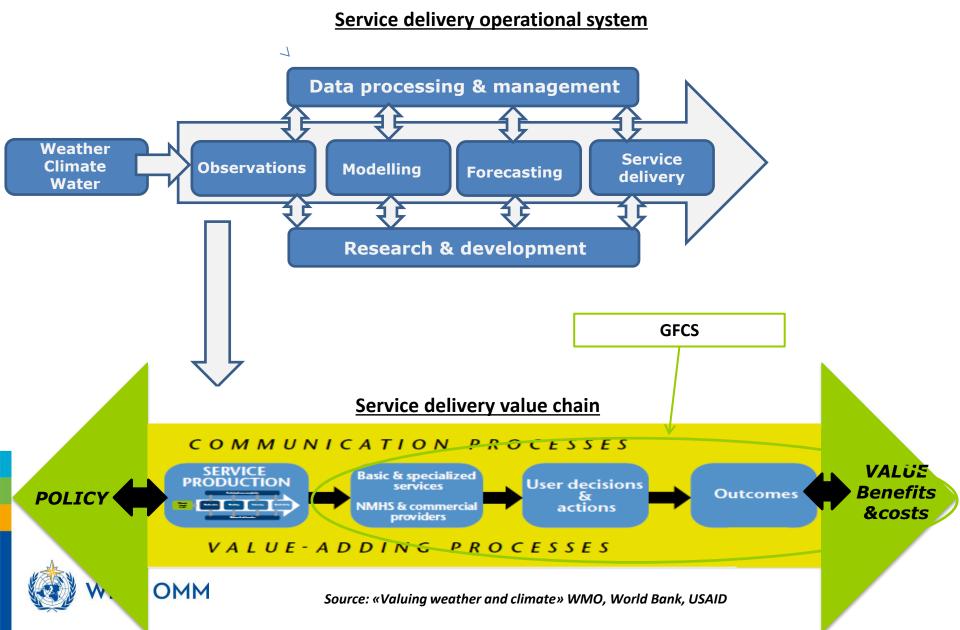


National Meteorological and Hydrological Service Climate Services Capacity

Climate Services Value Chain and Checklist



SO 1.2 Broaden the provision of policy- and decision-supporting climate information and services



Climate services capacity categories

Category	Criteria							
0	Does not fully meet the criteria for Category 1							
	Basic – Design, operation and maintenance of national observing systems; data							
	management including quality assurance; development and maintenance of data							
	archives; climate monitoring; climate diagnostics and climate analysis; climate							
	assessment; dissemination of climate products via a variety of media; and,							
1	participation in regional climate outlook forums and some interaction with users.							
	Essential – Meet the criteria for Category 1; Develop and provide operational							
	monthly and longer climate predictions including seasonal climate outlooks; conduct							
	or participate in regional and national climate outlook forums; interact with users in							
	various sectors to identify their requirements and, provide advice on climate							
2	information and products.							
	Full – Meet the criteria for Category 2; Develop and/or provide tailored and							
	downscaled climate products on timescales ranging from seasonal to climate change							
	in order to meet the needs of major sectors; engage at least with some user							
	communities; provide a strong user interface along with technical expertise for							
	training climate specialists and for developing curricula; and, provide some level of							
3	regional cooperation and support.							
	Advanced – Meet the criteria for Category 3; Provide advanced climate services wit							
	esearch and modelling capabilities for climate and applied climate studies							
4	underpinned by a high level of global/regional cooperation and support.							



Member climate services checklist overview

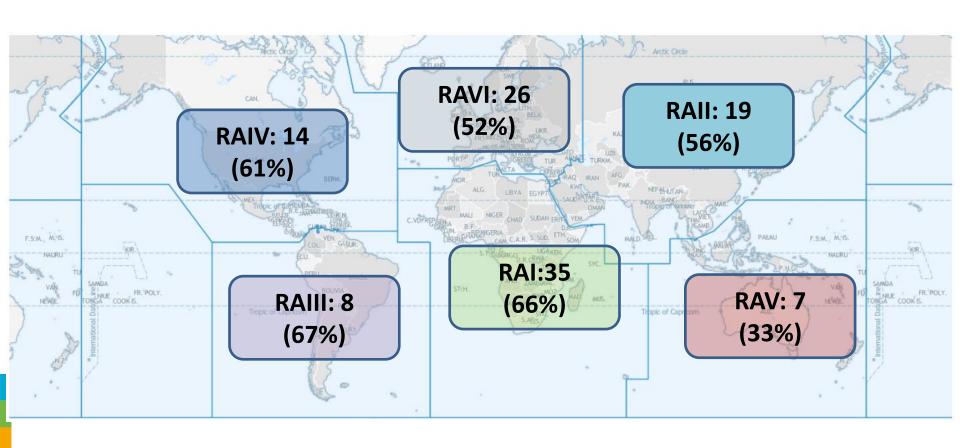
- 137 yes/no questions in six groups
- Questions are
 - Grouped to align with outputs of objective 1 in a results based framework for WMO contributions to the GFCS
 - Categorized according to CCl climate services capacity levels

GROUPS	
1	Governance
2	Basic Systems:
	- Observing networks
	- Data and data management
	- Monitoring
	- Forecasting systems
3	User Interface
4	Capacity Development
5	Provision and Application of climate services
6	Monitoring and Evaluation

LEVELS (Qs groups 2-6)					
0	NA				
1	BASIC				
2	ESSENTIAL				
3	FULL				
4	ADVANCED				



Member climate services checklist responses to date

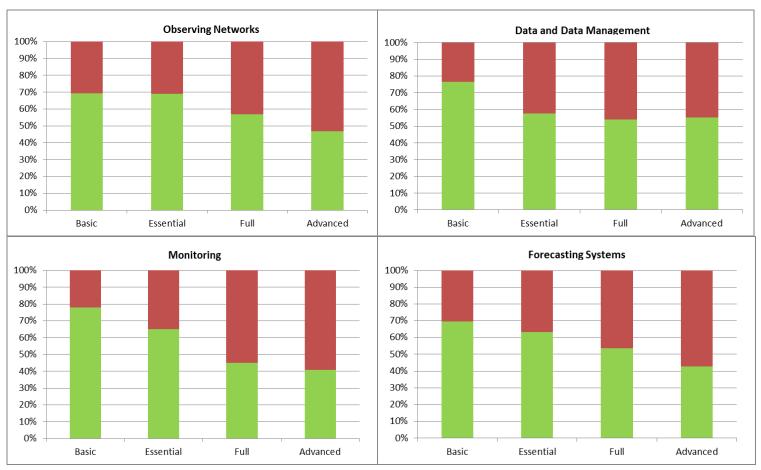


Respondents: 109 Members



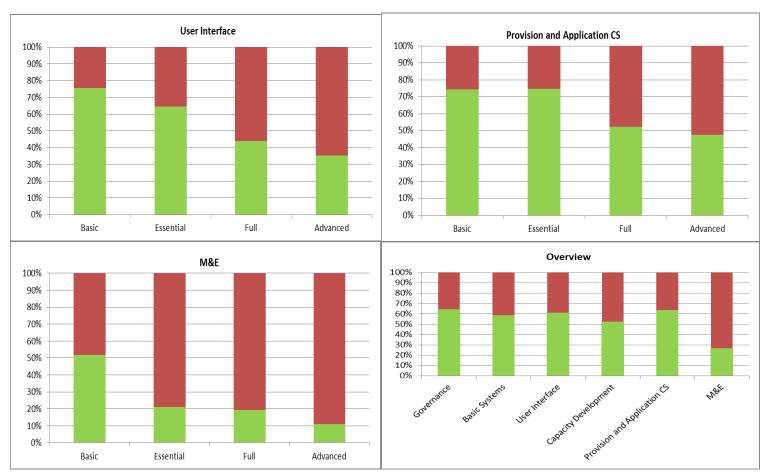
WMO OMM (Six Regional Associations) as of 15 May 2018

Results of the Analysis (n=109): Basic Systems





Results of the Analysis (n=109): Service Delivery and Overall







Capacity development resources

Guide to Climatological Practices

2011 edition

Guidelines on Quality Management in Climate Services

"Capacity building for climates services is best achieved through drawing together local and regional knowledge, user-provider engagement, national commitment and global partnerships"

COMMISSION FOR CLIMATOLOGY

GUIDELINES FOR NATIONAL METEOROLOGICAL AND HYDROLOGICAL SERVICES ON CAPACITY DEVELOPMENT FOR CLIMATE SERVICES



Annex to Resolution 5 (EC-68)

COMPETENCIES FOR PROVISION OF CLIMATE SERVICES

Competency 1: Create and manage climate data sets

Competency 2: Derive products from climate data

Competency 3: Create and/or interpret climate forecasts, climate projections and model output

Competency 4: Ensure the quality of climate information and services

Competency 5: Communicate climatological information with users.

Summary Report on Regional Climate
Outlook Forums (RCOFs) CActivities
ASEANCOF

Worldwide

An assessment based on RCOFs status reports

WMO Workshop on Global Review of Regional Climate Outlook Forums

Guayaquil, Ecuador

5-7 September 2017

Current steps

- Completed checklists from all Members
- Roll-out of systematic support through Climate Coordination
 Panel and extra-budgetary projects
 - NMHS "twinning"
 - Climate Services Toolkit
 - Guideline on NMHS capacity development
 - Training



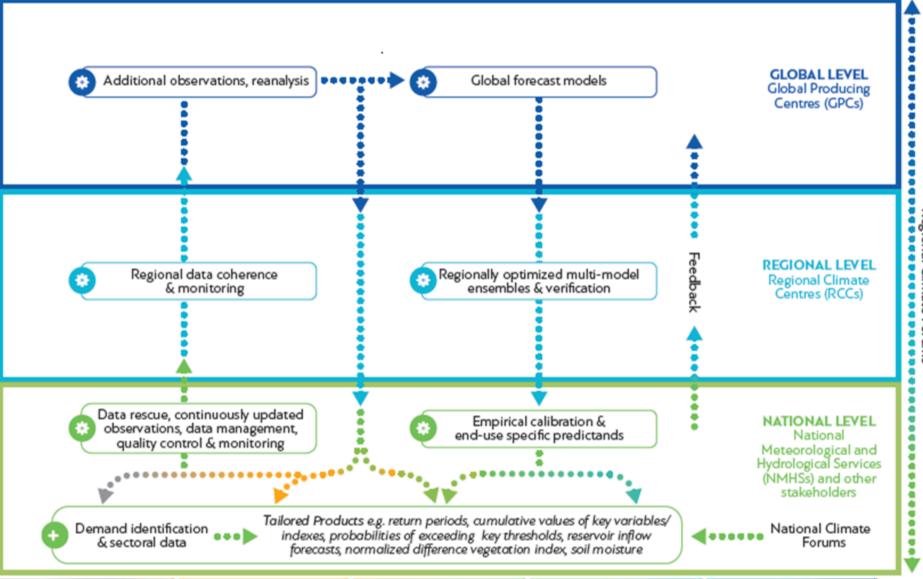
Climate Services Information System (CSIS)

Architecture, functions and further operationalization





A Regional Approach to Implementing the Climate Services Information System (CSIS-R)



HISTORICAL

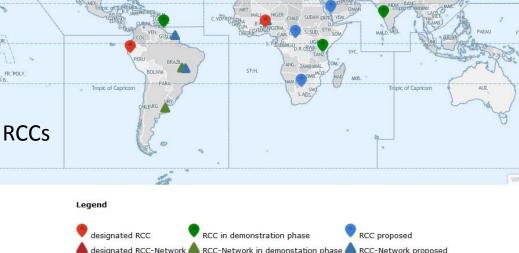


Global infrastructure

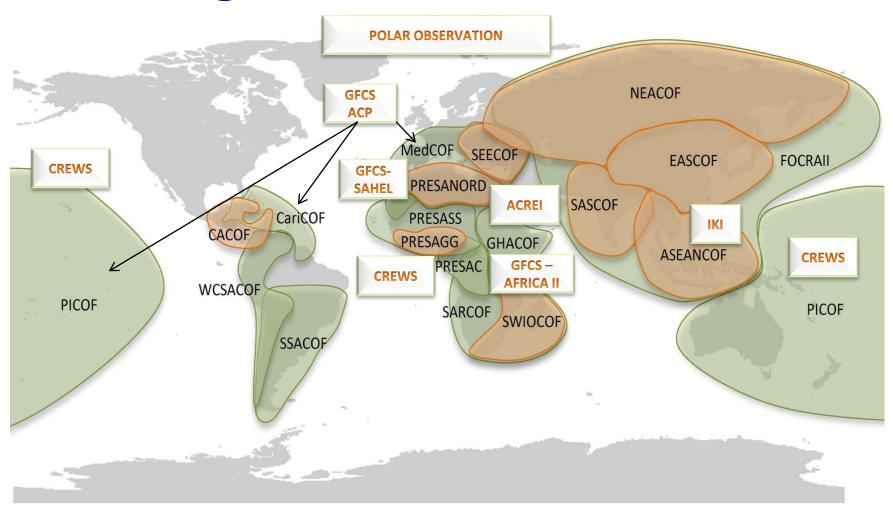
- **GPCLRF & RCC** inventory of GFCSrelevant climate data and products (ECVs) 95+ pp.
- Not discoverable or organized in systematic form

MMO OMM





Regional Climate Forums





REGIONAL CLIMATE OUTLOOK FORUMS

January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December
									O		
				Q							
				Q							
				O							
				Ō							
	January	January February	January February March	January February March April	January February March April May	January February March April May June	January February March April May June July	January February March April May June July August	January February March April May June July August September	January February March April May June July August September October	January February March April May June July August September October November

RA II: Africa RA IV: North America, Central America and the Caribbean RA II: Asia RA V: South-West Pacific RA III: South America RA VI: Europe Inter-regional

Demonstrated full-value chain service delivery in priority sector(s) in selected sub-region/country combinations

Access to data and products

Tailored product development

Operational provision of relevant infor

Operational provision of relevant information

Coordination, capacity development and upscaling

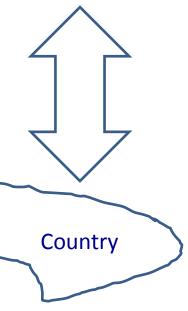
Data and products exchange (Resolution 60 (Cg-17))

Demand identification
Stakeholders
Value-added tailored products

Service delivery, results validation, and feedback

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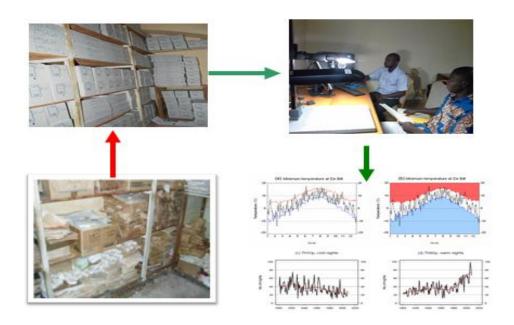
Regional domain



Special Topic: Data applications

- 1. WMO Climate Data programme
 - Climate Data Management Systems
 - Climatological Standard Normals
 - Centennial stations- Climate heritage

- International Data Rescue Portal: Access and sharing Data Rescue resources: guidance, tools and project identification. Ready for Members registration and input)
- Open Source CDMS project (ongoing)



- 2. Support to the implementation of data rescue projects at regional and national levels
 - WMO guidance
 - expert advice
 - Workshops
 - partnerships



Special Topic: Agricultural Meteorology

- <u>Assist WMO members in developing agrometeorological services related to crops, livestock, rangelands, forestry fisheries</u>
 - RA VI Center for Agrometeorology (Romania)
 - GFCS Focal Point on AG and Food Security Priority area
- Commission for Agricultural Meteorology (up until Apr 2020) then Standing
 Committee on Agrometeorological Services for New Commission on Services
 (2020 onwards)
 - Review and Update Technical materials (Guide to Agromet Practices)
 - Scientific and technical advice (Soil Moisture, Project implementation)
 - Development of Global Drought Indicator (18th WMO Congress GMAS and UNCCD)
 - Communication (World Agrometeorological Information Service)
 - Capacity Development Agromet Training Material





Special Topic: Agricultural Meteorology

- Drought Issues with Integrated Drought Management Programme (IDMP)
 - Co-sponsored with Global Water Partnership (GWP) with over 35 partner organizations
 - Training and capacity building on drought monitoring and EWS
- Develop and implement projects related to agrometeorology
 - Currently 7 projects across South America, Africa, and Pacific
 - WMO can assist countries in developing and implementing projects
- Partnerships with FAO, WFP, UNCCD, CBD, and GEO to Assist members with weather and climate applications for agriculture









Special Topic: Climate services for energy

Three Main Areas for Country Support:

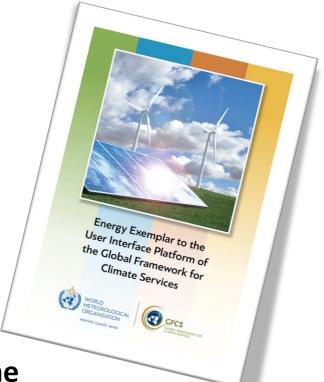
- Climate resilience and adaptation across the sector, due to its fundamental importance for development
- The important role of efficiency and reduction of energy consumption with consequent emissions reduction in support to mitigation targets
- The renewable energy sub-sector, given the apparent climate sensitivity of renewables on the one hand and the policy priority accorded to them due to their GHG emissions reduction benefits on the other





Special Topic: Climate services for energy

- Focal Point to assist WMO Members
- Development of Partnerships in the countries (Public and Private Sectors)
- Project Developments (Adaptation Fund, Green Climate Fund, European Union Framework, etc...)
- Energy Example Available on-line On the GFCS webpage





Current steps

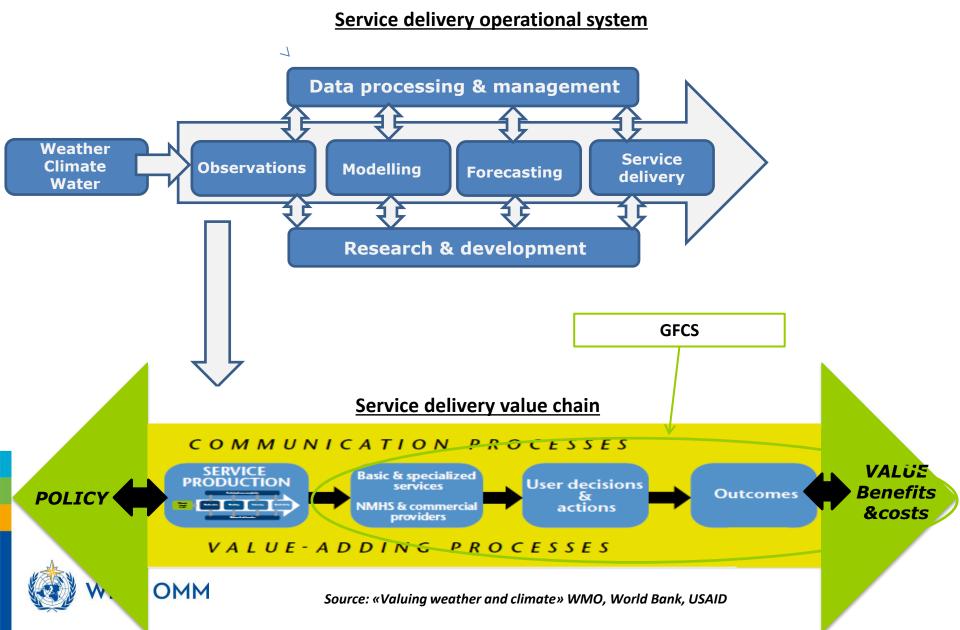
- Transition to objective, operational regional (sub)seasonal forecast system through which
 - Skill can be systematically verified and communicated to users
 - Methodology can be continually improved as measured by skill verification
 - Tailored forecast products and flexible presentation (entire PDF) are generated operationally and delivered at country level operationally
- Identification of country end-use priorities common across the regional domain (through GFCS \downarrow)
- Co-design and operationalization of tailored products via RCFs
- User feedback, systematic evaluation of socio-economic benefits



Global Framework for Climate Services



SO 1.2 Broaden the provision of policy- and decision-supporting climate information and services



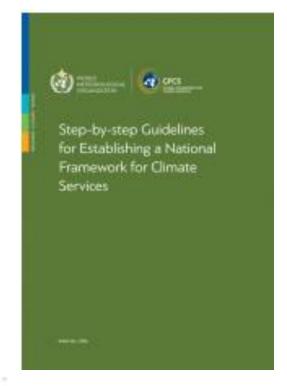
Priority tasks 2020-2023

- <u>Partnership and inclusion</u> coordination of initiatives and communication regarding climate services in GFCS priority areas with key partners and stakeholders including private sector
- <u>Technical coordination support</u> identification of capacity development needs and support to Members for the provision of climate services, applications and climate information
- Monitoring and review improving monitoring and regular assessments of service delivery at global, regional and national scales and publishing a "State of climate services"
- Resource mobilization promote, enable, articulate and facilitate countries' and regions' access to climate finance



Global Framework for Climate Services

(GFCS) ALGERIA LIBYA **EGYPT** MAURITANIA MALI CAPE VERDE NIGER SUDAN CHAD SOMALIA **ETHIOPIA** CENTRAL AFRICAN KENYA SEYCHELLES DR CONGO A National Framework for Climate Services is a GFCS ANGOLA ZAMBIA NAMIBIA BOTSWANA



Status of NFCS Implementation

- Conduct Comprehensive Baseline Capacity Assessment for Development of Climate Services
- Support NHMS to Develop Strategic Plan & Engage in a National Consultation process for Climate Services
- Develop National Action Plan
- Begin Implementation of Action Plan, Launch National Framework for Climate Services
- Countries with NFCS providing advanced services

multi-stakeholder mechanism to enable development and delivery of climate services at country level in support of adaptation in agriculture, water resource management, health, energy, disaster risk reduction and other climatesensitive sectors



SOUTH AFRIC

System operationalization track	Service delivery track						
Assess NMHS and RCC systems to identify	Identify priority needs common to the						
capacity development and technical	region (e.g. from NDCs, national plans)						
assistance needs							
Design/propose measures to enhance	Conduct regional sector-specific user						
data availability, NMHS and RCC	forums for priority sectors, to more						
operational systems and practices	precisely identify requirements to develop						
	tailored product specifications						
Use Regional Climate Forums to	Prepare additional national (non-climate)						
develop/enhance the integrated global-	datasets as needed for tailored products						
regional-national operational system and							
develop priority tailored products							
Introduce priority products operationally	Establish/strengthen country-level service						
at national level, with support from the	delivery system/communication channels						
RCCs and Global Producing Centres of	through NMHS partnerships with sector						
Long Range Forecasts	stakeholders						
Assimilate feedback for forecast system	Deliver tailored products and obtain user						
and tailored product improvements	feedback						
Assess country-level climate services	Assess socio-economic benefits						
capacity improvements							

Current steps

- Repositioning on a higher strategic level
 - No more project implementation
 - Multi-stakeholder programme analysis
 - Greater focus on the value-chain right hand side
 - User demand
 - Applications
 - Documentation of socio-economic benefits
 - Knowledge sharing and communication to inform practice and investments
- Integration into new WMO governance structure the Climate Coordination Panel

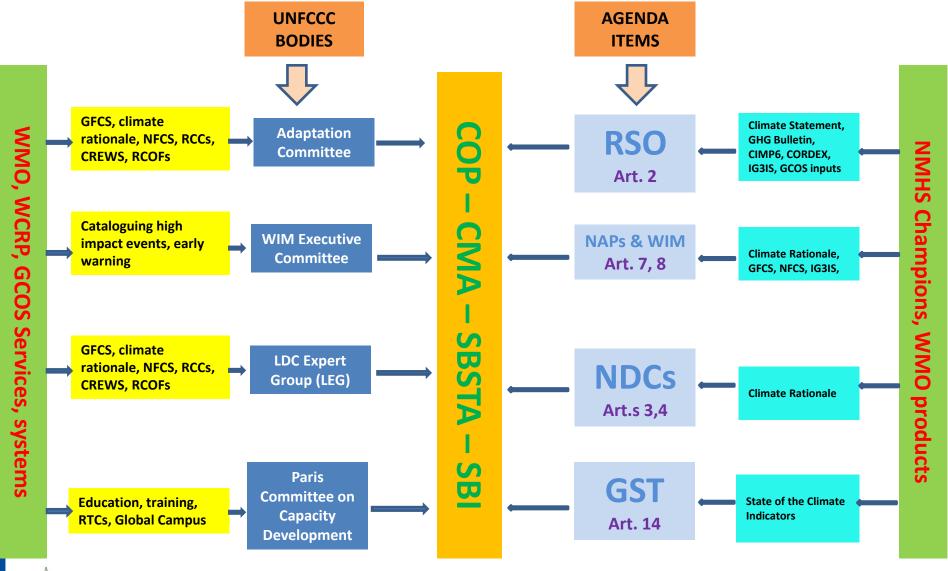


Climate Services for Policy

Architecture, functions and further operationalization



Mapping WMO-UNFCCC climate activities





UNFCCC SECRETARIAT (MoU)

wmo statement on the state of the Global Climate

Contributions from

- NMHSs
- UN agencies
- International data and analysis centres
- Leading climate
 scientists
 WMO OMM

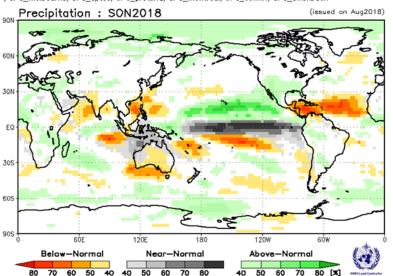
THE GLOBAL CLIMATE 2015-2019 SEA LEVEL CONTINUES TO RISE EXTREME EVENTS US\$ 125 billi >2 000 DEATHS Economic losses Large-scale attributed to attributable to uman influence 8 900 DEATHS attributed to heatwaves

Flagship products for United Nations policy and joint action

- Climate statement
- El Nino bulletin
- Global Seasonal Climate Update

Probabilistic Multi-Model Ensemble Forecast

/GPC_seoul/GPC_washington/GPC_tokyo/GPC_exeter/GPC_moscow/GPC_beijing
/GPC_melbourne/GPC_cptec/GPC_pretoria/GPC_montreal/GPC_ecmwt/GPC_offenbach



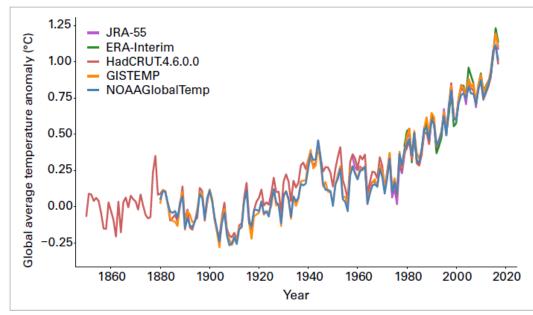


Figure 1. Global mean temperature anomalies, with respect to the 1850-1900 baseline

- World Weather Records
- Climate watches
- Rapid attribution

Figure 2 Probability of September-November temperature being in the above-, below-, or nearnormal third of the historical temperature range for that period in each location



NATIONALLY

DETERMINED

100

60

20

CONTRIBUTIONS

85% identified

the role

Climate Services are to provide tailored, science-based information that helps people from policy makers to farmers make better decisions about how to adapt to the challenges of climate variability and change. In the area of egriculture and food security, the need is especially strong. The Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO) estimates that over 500 million smallholder farms producing more than 80% of the world's food in terms of value, and 750 million extremely poor people working in agriculture - usually as smallholder family farmers - are vulnerable to the effects of climate change. The Nationally Determined Contributions, of Parties to the Paris Agreement, highlight the demand for more timely, reliable and specific information relevant to agriculture and food security. This need is especially strong among developing countries.

the value

Climate Services deliver significant value. It is estimated that improved weather, climate, water observations and forecasting could lead to up to USD 30 billion per year in increased global productivity and up to USD 2 billion per year in reduced asset losses (WMO, World Bank, USAID, 2015). The State of Climate Services Report will examine case studies offering a range of angles on the positive value that climate services can provide for food security and nutrition.











In separate 2019 analysis by both the World

Meteorological Organization (WMO) and FAO

of Nationally Determined Contributions, the

food security and water as the top priority

sectors for climate change adaptation.

planning and decision making.

majority of countries highlighted agriculture,

Specifically, in the area of agriculture and food

security, 85% of countries (100 / 117) identified "climate services" as being a valuable part of









GFCS statement on the state of climate services

Invitation from the Conference of the Parties service as the meeting of the Parties to the Paris Agreement

Current steps

- Integration of WMO science contributions with those of partner organizations
- Global statement on the state of climate services (GFCS-lead)
- Guidance from expert negotiators on other inputs



Thank you



World Meteorological Organization Organisation météorologique mondiale